

Pets Picture Book



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KicsFlix™
The DVD the Reads with Me!



Self-Satisfied Kittens

That we make a pretty picture,
We know as well as you.

We often hear folks say so,
And never doubt it's true.

When you've praised our
graceful poses,

And admired our coats of silk,

Don't forget that little kittens
Are awful fond of milk.





The Dog

Although the Dog is not the most useful of animals, it ranks first as a friend and companion of man.

It has higher powers of the mind and is more honest and faithful, as well as braver, than any other domestic animal.





There is no other brute creature that can so easily be taught to obey the wishes of its master.

And none that is so grateful for kindness or that brings so much joy to those who have gained its friendship.





There are many kinds of dogs.
Their diversity in size and
form is greater than any
other class of animals.

It is because of these strengths
that dogs are known as
“a man’s best friend.”





The Donkey

The Donkey is an animal that is not very common in the United States.

But in some countries it takes the place of the horse for farm work and other tasks.

It is smaller than the horse and not nearly so handsome.

It has a clumsier shape and a rougher coat which needs less care.

The Donkey can also live on simpler and cheaper food.





Many people believe that the Donkey is rather unintelligent looking.

However, it is really quite clever and is well able to take care of itself.

It often works very hard and is greatly valued by farmers around the world.





The Pig

Pigs, when full grown, are about as large as sheep but do not seem so because their legs are much shorter.

They are not covered with wool as sheep are, but with short coarse hair called bristles.

A long time ago, many kinds of brushes were made from these bristles.





Pigs are well known for their willingness to eat almost any kind of food.

They have a very strong nose, called a snout, which can be used to dig up the ground for roots and seeds to eat.

They sometimes grow so fat especially when they are overfed that their eyes close up and they can hardly stand.





The Guinea Fowl

The Guinea Fowl is originally a native of Guinea, Africa from which it derives its name.

It was long ago domesticated in Europe and is now common on farms in all parts of the world. It thrives best in warm climates.

This bird is very remarkable in appearance which is speckled all over with round white spots of various sizes.





It is a noisy creature having a harsh cry which it utters with great frequency.

The Guinea Fowl is highly valued on farms for its precious eggs.

These eggs are small and have a thick shell but are very highly esteemed for their unique taste.





The Cow

The Cow supplies us with a large part of our food in the form of beef and milk.

It is easy to see that it would have a great impact on us to be without these two foods.

So the animal that gives them to us must be considered one of our most valuable resources.





Cows live mostly upon grass or hay. They swallow their food without chewing it much at first.

After a while, they stop eating and the food comes up in their mouths to be ground up fine and swallowed again.

This operation is called chewing the cud.





The Duck

The Duck belongs to the tribe of birds called the “swimmers.”

This class of birds has their feet and some other parts of their bodies formed in a special way which enables them to swim through the water at a fast pace.

Their toes are long and they have webs stretched between them forming a sort of paddle.





The duck floats upon the water very much as a boat does.

With its broad feet it pushes itself along nearly in the same way that a boat is made to go by means of its oars.

The only difference is that oars are worked from above the water, whereas the duck pushes itself along by exerting force beneath the water's surface.



The

End